

KALKA PUBLIC SCHOOL
REVISION SOCIAL STUDIES WORKSHEET
CLASS IV

Q1. Multiple choice question

- i) The Sundarbans Delta is the home to
a. African Lion b. Royal Bengal Tigers c. Kangaroo
- ii) Hottest place in India
a. Drass b. Goa c. Delhi
- iii) The southernmost point of India's mainland
a. Indira Point b. Chennai c. Kanyakumari
- iv) The Thar desert is located in
a. Punjab b. Haryana c. Rajasthan
- v) The longest day of the year
a. 22nd January b. 21st June c. 22nd June
- vi) Highest peak in Deccan plateau
a. Anamudi b. Godavari c. Narmada
- vii) Plateau rich in minerals
a. Tibet Plateau b. Chota Nagpur c. Deccan Plateau
- viii) Shape of the Southern Plateau
a. Triangular b. square c. Circular
- ix) The Northern Circar is a part of
a. Southern Plateau b. Eastern Coastal Plains c. Western Coastal Plains
- x) Backwater is also known as:
a. River b. Ocean c. Kayals
- xi) Andaman and Nicobar is an
a. Union territory b. Island c. Both (i)&(ii)

Q2. Correct the underlined word and rewrite the statement:

- i) The place where Ganga meets the river Yamuna is Rajasthan.
- ii) Goa receives the highest rainfall in the world.
- iii) The Chhota Nagpur Plateau is the highest in the world.
- iv) Flood is the condition of absence of rain for a long period.
- v) The seasonal river that flows through the great Indian desert is the Ganga.
- vi) Silver Cascade is the highest waterfall in India.
- vii) Laccadive is the capital of Andaman and Nicobar Island.
- viii) Bhangra is the folk dance of Rajasthan.
- ix) The Suez Canal has changed the lives of the people of the desert.
- x) Bardoisila in western Ladakh is the coldest place in India.

Q3 Match the following:

- | | |
|---------------|------------------------|
| i) Taj Mahal | Golden Temple |
| ii) Punjab | Plateau |
| iii) Camel | Agra |
| iv) Tableland | Moderate climate |
| v) Kavaratti | Ship of the desert |
| vi) Mumbai | Rajasthan |
| vii) Oasis | Capital of Lakshadweep |

Q4. Fill in the blanks:

- i) The oldest landmass of India is the _____.
- ii) Strong winds blow in winter _____.
- iii) Loo blows during _____ season.
- iv) Three seasons of India _____.
- v) The _____ hills lie to the east of The Thar desert.
- vi) Strong forceful winds blowing in circular motion _____.

- vii) _____ and _____ are the rivers which flow westward.
- viii) The Andaman and Nicobar Islands are located in the _____.
- ix) Largest hot desert in the world _____
- x) Hills that divide Rajasthan into two parts _____
- xi) The nomads of the Thar desert are called _____
- xii) Finely, graded soil, which is good for crops is called _____.

Q5. Unscramble the words.

- i) River, which is known as Dakshin Ganga'. (A D O G A R I V)
- ii) Traditional huts of Rajasthan. (P A J U M H S)
- iii) Location of Sun Temple. (R K N O A K)
- iv) Primary economic activity in the plains. (G R I T U R E A L C)
- v) Weather conditions prevailing over a large area for a long period. (T E A M C L I)

Q6. Write T for True or F for False for the following statement:

- i) Camels are the most important mode of transport in the desert _____
- ii) Sand dunes are found in the plains _____
- iii) The Golden Temple is situated in Ludhiana _____
- iv) **Visakhapatnam** is the seaport in Andhra Pradesh _____
- v) Bengaluru is the capital of Andhra Pradesh _____
- vi) Coral reefs are found on Lakshadweep Island _____
- vii) Tamil Nadu does not receive rain in winter _____

Q7. Case Study:

Andaman and Nicobar Islands is a union territory of India. Port Blair is the capital of Andaman and Nicobar Islands. They are far away from the mainland of India. The last point of these Islands is called 'Indira Point' where a lighthouse stands but it was partially submerged in the Tsunami of 2004. The climate of these islands is hot and humid. It rains regularly here. Rice, maize, coconut and rubber are the major crops. These islands are thinly populated. Very dense forests are found here. The cellular Jail and beautiful beaches are major tourist attractions here.

Answer the following questions:

- a) What is the capital of Andaman and Nicobar Island?
- b) What is the southernmost tip of Andaman and Nicobar Island?
- c) What major crops are grown in the Andaman and Nicobar Islands?
- d) What are the two major tourist attractions in Andaman and Nicobar Island?
- e) Which is the Southern most tip of India?

Q8 Give Reason:

- i) Camel is the most suitable transport for desert regions.
- ii) Northern plains are thickly populated.
- iii) Mining is an important activity in Jharkhand.
- iv) Deserts are very hot and dry.

Q9 Differentiate between

- I) Weather and Climate
- II) Eastern coastal plains and Western Coastal plains
- III) Andaman and Nicobar Islands
- IV) Moderate climate and Extreme climate

Q10 Answer the following questions.

- i) What is Delta? Name the largest delta in the world
- ii) Location of Deccan Plateau.
- iii) Name the factors affecting climate.

- iv) Describe the climate of the Southern Plateau.
- v) How is the Indira Gandhi Canal of great significance to the people of Rajasthan?
- vi) What are lagoons? Where are they found?
- vii) What is weather? What are its elements?

Q11 Draw the Web chart on eastward flowing and westward flowing rivers

Q12 On the political map of India, mark the following:

- i) Malabar coast
- ii) Plateau which lies north of Vindhayas.
- iii) Aravalli Hills
- iv) Coromandel coast
- v) Deccan Plateau
- vi) Eastern Ghats
- vii) Two states that lie in the Northern Plains- Punjab and Uttar Pradesh

